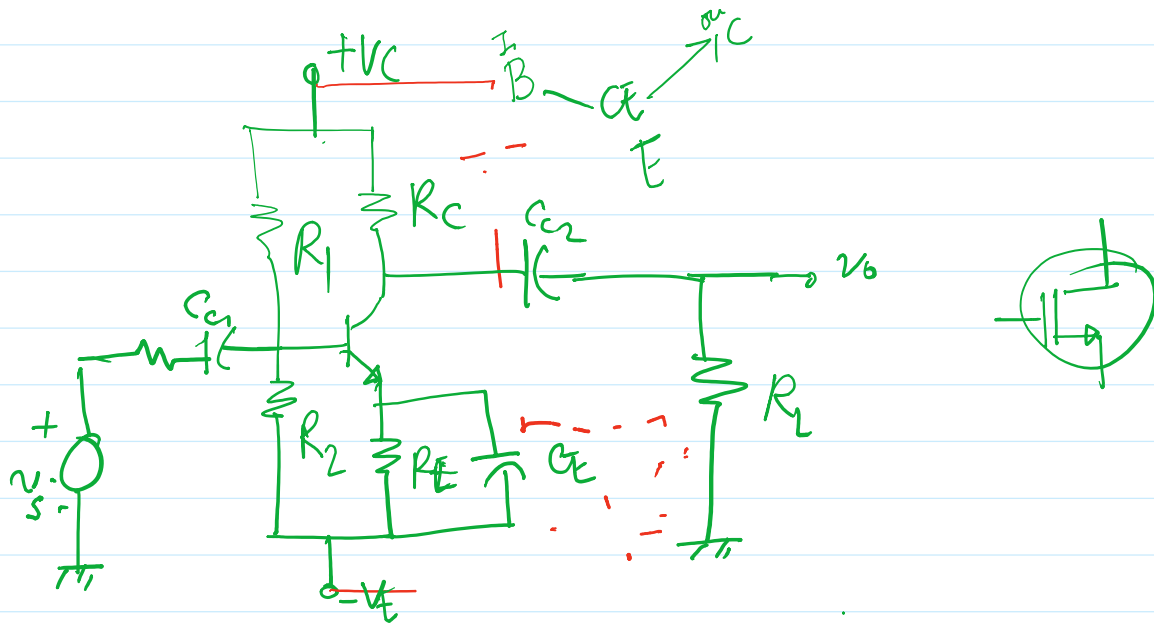
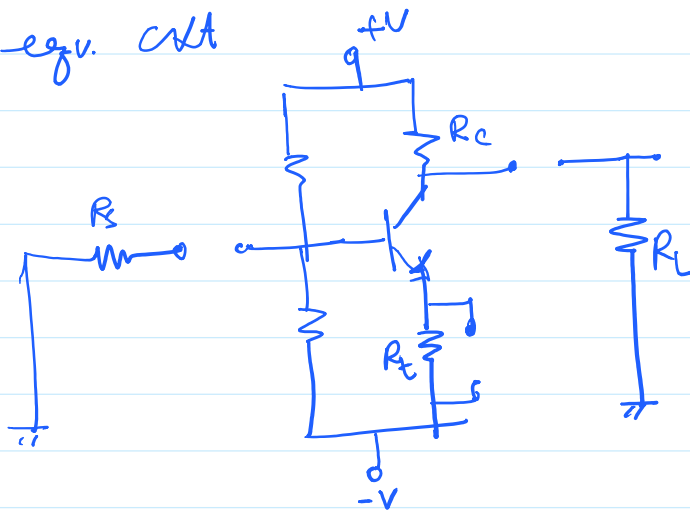


# Frequency Response

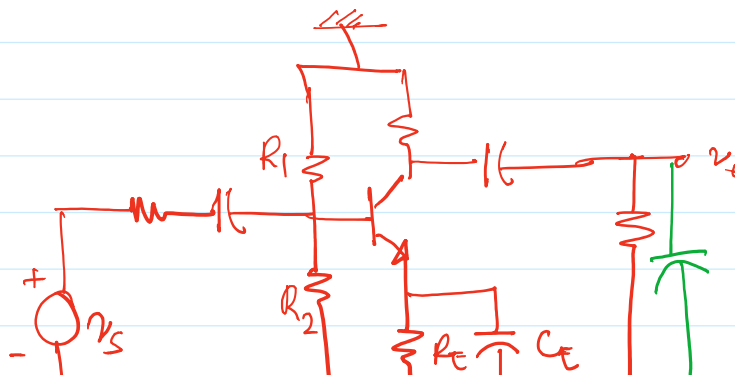
Thursday, February 2, 2017 2:30 PM

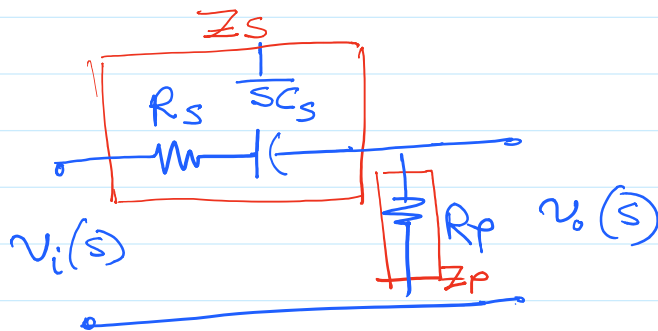
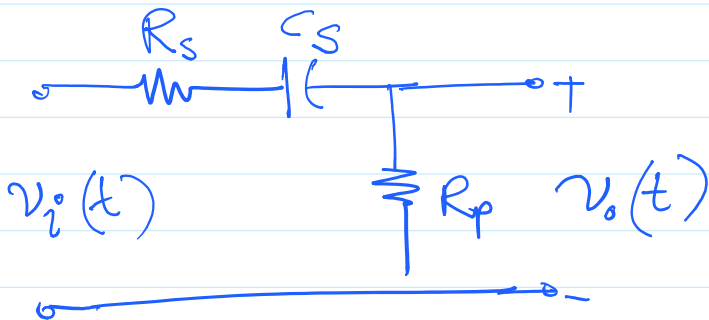
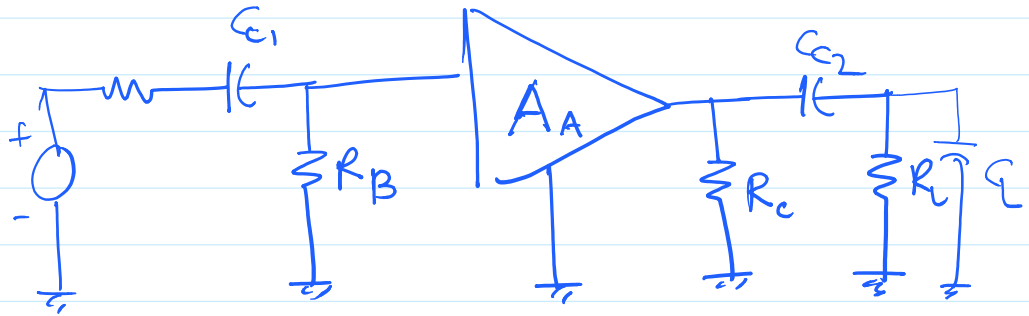
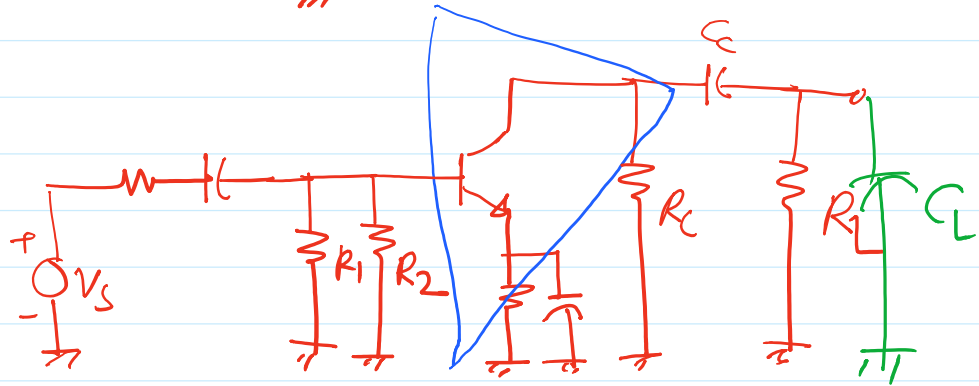
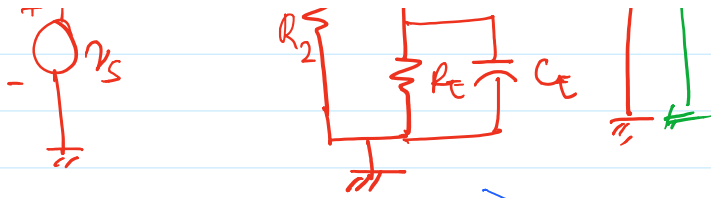


DC eqv. ckt

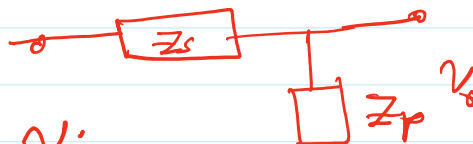


AC equivalent circuit



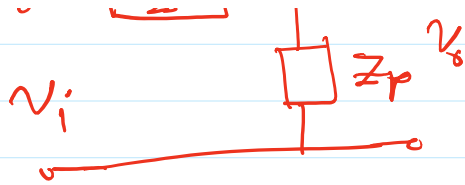


$$T(s) = \frac{v_o(s)}{v_i(s)}$$



$$\overline{v_i(s)}$$

$$= \frac{Z_p}{Z_p + Z_s}$$



$$Z_p = R_p$$

$$Z_s = R_s + \frac{1}{sC_s}$$

$$Z_p + Z_s = R_p + R_s + \frac{1}{sC_s}$$

$$= \frac{1 + (R_p + R_s) s C_s}{s C_s}$$

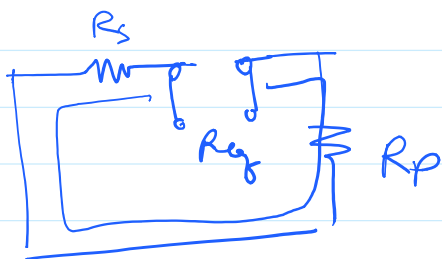
$$\therefore T(s) = \frac{R_p}{\frac{1 + (R_p + R_s) s C_s}{s C_s}} = \frac{R_p s C_s}{1 + s C_s (R_p + R_s)}$$

$$= \frac{R_p}{R_p + R_s} \cdot \frac{s C_s (R_p + R_s)}{1 + s C_s (R_p + R_s)}$$

$$= \frac{R_p}{R_p + R_s} \cdot \frac{s \tau_s}{1 + s \tau_s} = K \cdot \frac{s \tau_s}{1 + s \tau_s}$$

$$\tau_s = C_s (R_p + R_s) \quad \text{time constant}$$

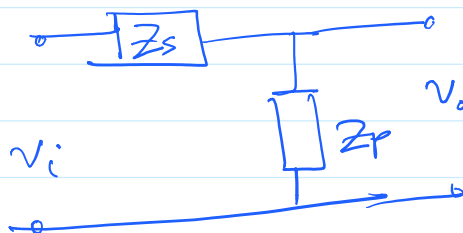
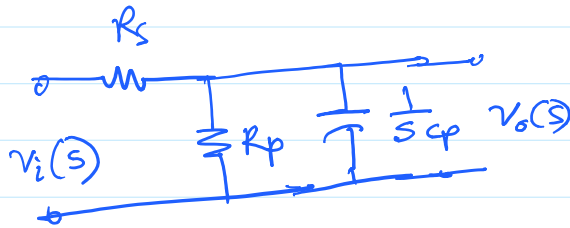
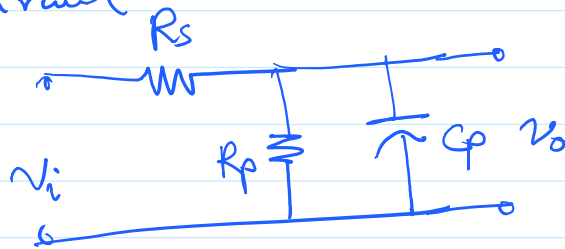
$$T \underset{s \rightarrow \infty}{=} K \cdot \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{s \tau_s}} = K$$



$$\tau_s = C_s R_{eq}$$

$$= C_s (R_s + R_p)$$

\* Derive the transfer function of the following circuit



$$Z_s = R_s$$

$$Z_p = R_p \parallel \left( \frac{1}{sC_p} \right)$$

$$= \frac{R_p \frac{1}{sC_p}}{R_p + \frac{1}{sC_p}}$$

$$= \frac{R_p}{1 + sC_p R_p}$$

$$T(s) = \frac{Z_p}{Z_p + Z_s}$$

$$Z_p + Z_s = \frac{R_p}{1 + sC_p R_p} + R_s$$

$$= \frac{R_p + R_s + sC_p R_p R_s}{1 + sC_p R_p}$$

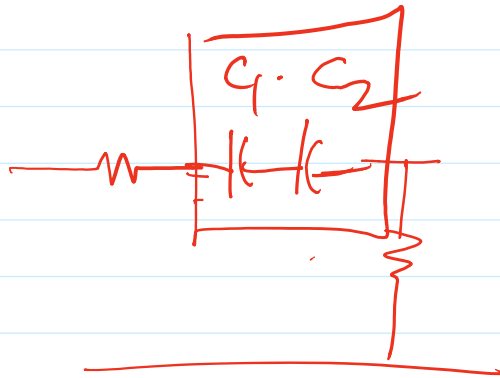
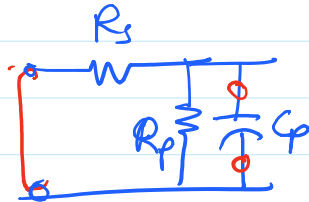
$$\therefore T(s) = \frac{\frac{R_p}{1 + sC_p R_p}}{\frac{R_p + R_s + sC_p R_p R_s}{1 + sC_p R_p}}$$

$$= \frac{R_p}{R_p + R_s + sC_p R_p R_s}$$

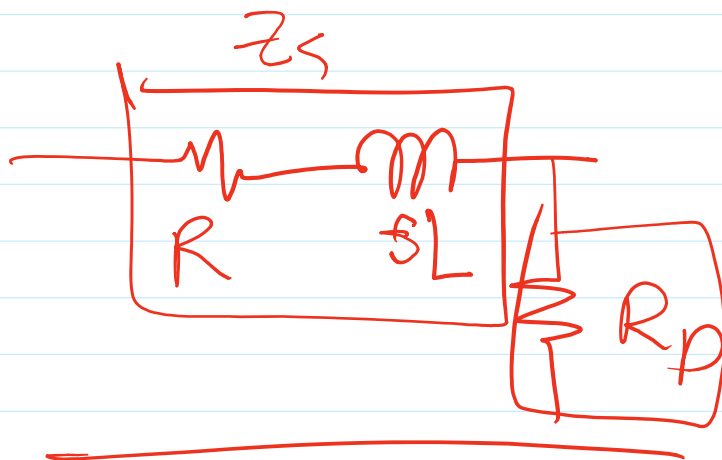
$$= (R_p + R_s) \left[ 1 + \frac{sL_p R_p R_s}{R_p + R_s} \right]$$

$$T = k \cdot \frac{1}{1 + s\zeta_p}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \zeta_p &= C_p R_{eq} \\ &= C_p (R_p \parallel R_s) \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} C_s &= C_1 + C_2 \\ C_\Omega &= \frac{C_1 C_2}{C_1 + C_2} \end{aligned}$$



2.11.2

$$j\omega L$$

$$X_c = \frac{1}{\omega C}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & Z_1 // Z_2 \\ & \frac{1}{\omega C} // \frac{1}{\omega C_2} \\ & = C \cdot \frac{1}{C_2} \cdot C_2 \end{aligned}$$